

# DAILY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL.

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NO 67

## NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

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The Daily, containing the latest telegraphic news, is published every day except Mondays. The Weekly is published on Saturdays.

### TIME TABLES.

Time of Arrival and Departure of Trains at Reno.

ARRIVES	TRAIN.	DEPARTS
8:35 p. m.	No. 1, Eastbound Express	8:45 p. m.
8:00 a. m.	No. 2, Eastbound fast mail	8:10 a. m.
8:30 a. m.	No. 3, Westbound Express	8:40 a. m.
8:20 p. m.	No. 4, Westbound fast mail	8:30 p. m.
8:00 p. m.	No. 1, Virginia Express	8:15 a. m.
8:00 p. m.	No. 2, San Fran. Express	8:15 p. m.
11:40 a. m.	No. 3, Local Passenger	1:35 p. m.
11:40 a. m.	No. 4, Local Passenger	1:35 p. m.
8:15 p. m.	Express and Freight	8:40 a. m.
8:15 p. m.	Express and Freight	8:40 a. m.

### Time of Arrival and Departure of Mails at Reno.

MAIL	ARRIVES	CLOSES
San Francisco, Sacramento and points in California and Oregon	8:15 a. m.	8:00 p. m.
Ogden, all Eastern points	8:15 p. m.	8:00 a. m.
Carson, Virginia and all Southern points	8:15 p. m.	8:00 a. m.
Siouxville and all points north	8:15 p. m.	8:00 a. m.

Buffalo Meadows and Sheephead mail arrives every Thursday at 1:15 p. m. and closes every Friday at 8:00 a. m.

A. T. locked pouch from Virginia and Carson arrives at 11:45 a. m.; mail for same closes at 1:30 p. m.

### Postoffice Hours:

From 9:00 A. M. to 5 P. M. Sundays from 9 to 10 A. M.

### FIFTY-CENT COLUMN.

All classes of optimate advertisements not exceeding six lines inserted in this column at 5 cents per week.

### Ranch for Sale.

A ranch with 800 acres, mostly enclosed, one mile from Carson.

MRS. JOHN P. SWEENEY, Carson City.

### "Money Saved is Money Made."

I will take orders for the finest suits made by Miller & Co., Chicago, from \$10 to \$40 per suit. No moth eaten or shoddy goods delivered. Perfect fit guaranteed or money refunded. Most complete line of samples ever shown in Reno.

B. ROTHCHILD, 5-27th Cor. Lincoln and Douglas Ave.

### For Sale.

A two-story frame house, one of the finest and best in the city, with four lots elegantly improved, corner of Second and Washington streets, in Powning's Addition, contains all modern improvements, to be almost given away. Inquire on the premises of W. S. Cone, or of John S. Gibson at Wine House 5-26th.

### For Rent or Sale.

In Reno, a large well furnished house centrally located with large garden plot and orchard under good cultivation, also barn and outbuildings, will be sold or rented at reasonable terms to right parties. Apply or address JOURNAL office. mar27th.

### Washoe Lunch Counter and Saloon.

For a fine meal or a cool glass of beer, best of all kinds or a good cigar call at the Washoe Lunch Counter and Saloon. A private dining room has been placed at the rear of the counter.

W. S. CONE & CO., 5-27th. Phone 1031.

### BECKWITH HOTEL,

PLUMAS COUNTY, CAL.

Marra & Laffranchini, Props.

### First-Class Accommodations For Families

Fine Wines and Brandies, Claret and White Wine

50 Cents per Gallon.

Low rate given at Wholesale

Also Fine Sherry and Port Wine

### Winery and Distillery at Gilroy

P. O. Box 23, GILROY, Cal.

### PEOPLE'S RESTAURANT!

M. S. LIEVRE, formerly of the Palace, has opened the ROYAL RESTAURANT on Virginia street, formerly run by W. T. Craig as the Nevada Restaurant.

Wine Dinner Every Sunday for 25c

FRESH OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE AT ALL TIMES.

Polite and attentive Waiters. Public patronage solicited.

### TRUCKEE \* MARKET

SAUER & GROB, Proprietors.

Dealers in Meats of All Kinds.

Finest of Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal,

LAMB IN SEASON.

Sausages of all kinds a Specialty. Virginia Street, Reno, Nev. jan17th

### NOBLES' REVENGE.

HE GOT EVEN WITH THE AUTHOR OF THE SPECIAL DELIVERY STAMP.

The Actor's Letter of Congratulations to Postmaster General Vilas Withdrawn For Sufficient Reasons, Which Appear In This Story.

Milton Nobles, the actor and author, and Senator Vilas were schoolmates in Madison 35 years ago, and they went from the schoolhouse to the war together. Nobles thinks a good deal of his old schoolmate and is proud of the distinction he has won among the great men of his party.

When the special delivery stamp made its appearance, Senator Vilas, who was then postmaster general, received many complimentary letters, among them one from Nobles. The rest of the story is best told by the author himself:

"When I wrote this letter of congratulation to the general, I hadn't had occasion to use or receive any of the stamps, but the idea seemed to me to be a good one. I was spending a week at home in Brooklyn at the time. One bitter morning about 3 o'clock I was awakened by what seemed to me to be the ringing of all the fire bells in Brooklyn. Shoving my head out of the second story window, I could see a muffled figure on the steps below jerking the bell with savage fury. 'What is it?' I asked. At that moment the bell wire broke, and the figure fell backward down the steps. The snow was knee deep, and the wind was blowing 50 miles an hour. As the figure rolled down the steps I could hear some choice specimens of explosive English in a familiar accent, mingled with something about 'letter, special delivery. After removing chains and bolts opened the outer door, and the messenger blew into the vestibule in a sheet of snow.

"What is it? What have you got?" "Letter."

"What the Helen Blazes are you bringing a letter here for at this time of night?"

"Special delivery, sir, please."

"I backed into the hall and slid my hand all over the wall, trying to find the matchlock. The vestibule was full of snow, and I had commenced sneezing.

"Come in and shut the door!" I yelled. Bang went the door and out went my match just as I had got the gas turned on. The messenger bumped up against me in the dark, stepped on my toes and shook a shovelful of snow off his shoulders about my feet, filling my slippers and dropping down my back. I finally succeeded in lighting the gas, signing the book, pushing the messenger out and bolting the door. Then I went up stairs with my prize. I examined the long blue stamp carefully. It was the first one that I had received. Then I devoted about five minutes to wondering what the dickens it was all about. After a time it occurred to me to open it and see. The handwriting was unknown, but the refrain was familiar. Here it is:

"SANDWICH, Wis., Jan. 19.

"Milton Nobles, Esq.:

"DEAR SIR—You will doubtless be surprised at receiving this letter from an entire stranger. But I feel that I was born to be an actor."

"I am but 23, 5 feet 8, light curly hair, blue eyes, have played several parts with the Shubogwan Amateur society. I enclose notices of my family object to my going on the stage, but I feel that it is my duty, and as I would only join a first class company my friends urged me to write to you. Should like to play lovers parts. I saw you play in Milwaukee last fall. Can come any time. I have also written a play. Could you lend me \$200? Yours, to command, J. A. J. JONES."

"(Stage name—J. Forrest Melville.)"

"P. S.—The new special delivery stamp has just got here, and I put one on to see how it works."

"By the time I had finished reading this letter I had a chill. Three hours later I had such a cold that I could not open my eyes. I remained in my room for treatment for three days. On the fourth day I became convalescent, and the first labor I performed was the writing of the following letter:

"BROOKLYN, Jan. 20.

"HON. W. F. Vilas, Postmaster General, Washington:

"DEAR SIR—Quite recently, in a moment of unguarded enthusiasm, I wrote you a letter congratulating you upon the brilliant stroke of genius made manifest in the promulgation of the special delivery stamp.

"Recent events have given me a wider knowledge of the subject and opened my eyes to the pernicious consequences likely to follow your gigantic blunder.

"I desire to withdraw my letter and enter a protest against your making any use of the same as an apparent endorsement of your new departure or with a view to your securing a situation in the future. This need not necessarily interfere with our friendship, but between friendship and business the line must be drawn somewhere, and I choose, for reasons conclusive to myself, to draw it at the 8 a. m. special delivery. Very truly yours, MILTON NOBLES."

"I cut the special delivery stamp from the Shubogwan letter and pasted it on the envelope, and, inclosing both in another letter, I sent them to a friend in Washington with a few lines of explanation and instruction. The next stormy night my friend, following instructions, hired a special messenger, and at 8 p. m. he began ringing Postmaster General Vilas' doorbell. First a servant came, then the general's secretary, but the messenger was firm; he must see the general. Thinking probably that war had been declared in Haiti and a midnight session of the cabinet called, the general slipped an ulster on over his nightshirt and went down to the door. The messenger shoved the letter into his hand and bolted on a double quick.

"The obnoxious stamp has not been called in, but I had my revenge on the postmaster general."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Obliging.

"Madam," said Meandering Mike, "how've you got any cold coffee?"

"No," replied young Mrs. Torkins in a tone of sympathy, "but you wait a few minutes and I'll put some in the refrigerator and cool it for you."—Washington Star.

### Woman may crown herself with good health if she will.

By so doing she will insure her own attractiveness, make her husband and her home happy, and protect the health of her babies.

Health is the most glorious crown that a woman may wear. To wear it she must take proper care of herself, and see to it that the delicate organs that are distinctly feminine are always healthy and strong. Thousands of women fall short of good health in this one respect, and as a result soon become but wrecks of their former selves. A woman cannot long retain her general health who is suffering from weakness and disease of the organs that make wifehood and motherhood possible.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription acts directly on these organs. It makes them well and strong. It prepares a woman to be a wife and mother. It does away with the discomforts of the expectant period and makes baby's advent easy and almost painless. All good druggists sell it.

"I am glad," writes Mrs. Louis Arthur, of Oswego, Fredrick Co., N. C., "to express my gratitude to you for the benefits I have received from your medicine. After the birth of my second child I was stricken with derangement of the stomach and liver and a full line of female weaknesses. For seven years I suffered untold misery. Then my husband, J. S. Arthur, sent for a copy of your 'Common Sense Medical Adviser.' The book described my sufferings so plainly that I purchased bottles of your 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery' and a box of 'Pleasant Pellets.' Our doctor pronounced me case hopeless, and laid aside my medicines, calling them nostrums, and after six months I lay under his disgusting treatment. At the end of this time I commenced taking your medicine and improved very fast. I was soon able to do my household work. My baby thrived fast, and is today the healthiest child I have. Your medicine saved my life. My recovery was astonishing. I recommend your medicine constantly."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure Constipation.

### TIMING BIG PROJECTILES.

How Their Initial Velocity is Calculated In Tests at Sandy Hook.

To the layman one of the interesting features in a big gun test is the method by which the initial velocity of the projectiles is calculated. When he hears that the modern high power guns often expel a shot at an initial velocity of 2,000 feet a second, a rate that if sustained would mean a mile in three seconds, he realizes the difficulty of calculating the speed. An ordnance officer must have accurate knowledge of the velocity of a projectile, that he may predict its range and penetration and determine the accuracy of the gun. It is a comparatively easy matter, however, with the new instruments to calculate accurately the initial velocity of a projectile, and any one who is fortunate enough to visit Sandy Hook when big guns are being tested may see how it is done.

Two open frames are set up 150 feet apart in front of the gun. Wires are stretched back and forth across these frames, making a screen through which the shot must pass. The wires in each screen form a complete electric circuit, which includes also an electric battery and an electric magnet. The projectile, after leaving the gun, flies through the wire in the first screen, interrupting the circuit and releasing the armature of the magnet. In a space of time so small as to be hardly conceivable the projectile has covered the distance between the two frames and pierced the wire in the second, interrupting its electric current and releasing the armature of its magnet, as in the first case. The interval between the drop of these two armatures represents the time spent by the projectile in traveling 150 feet. This time is indicated by the chronograph in the laboratory near by. Wires run from each screen to the laboratory, which is fitted up with batteries and switchboards.

The armature of the first electro magnet is an iron rod about 3 feet long, which is suspended vertically. This rod falls when the second electro magnet is placed a little below the first, and when it is released it acts as a knife, and, striking the side of the falling rod, makes a slight mark. The distance of this cut mark from the end of the rod indicates the distance through which the rod has dropped while the projectile is passing from one screen to another. This forms the unit for the calculation of the projectile's velocity in feet per second. New explosives and high power guns have increased the initial velocity of projectiles wonderfully in the last few years. Projectiles may be expelled now with a force that will make them effective at a range far beyond ordinary eyesight. —New York Sun.

### Roman Epicures.

When at its zenith, the Roman empire laid all the barbaric countries of the world under contribution to supply the tables of its nobles and wealthy citizens with the fine luxuries of life. Asia and Africa poured in the rich spices and fruits of the tropics; Germany and the great north countries raised the grains and wild berries; Italy and the fertile land of the Franks cultivated the vineyards to make or express the wines; every strip of seacoast from the Mediterranean to the Baltic contributed its quota of fish, and the forests of Brittany yielded the wild game of the woods—birds, beasts and fowls—for the banquets of the proud, dissolute rulers of the vast empire. With the choice products of a great world so easily obtained there were wanton waste, foolish extravagance and a strange disregard of the value of expensive luxuries, and the historian dwelling upon these times delights in recapitulating the various articles of diet arranged in tempting manner upon the groaning tables at the great feasts and banquets.

But, excepting Nero's dish of peacock tongues and Cleopatra's cup of wine with the dissolved pearls in it, the menu of our modern banquets would compare favorably with those spread in the times when gluttony, licentiousness and greed for luxury were insidiously sapping the strength of Rome.—George E. Walsh in Lippincott's.

### LIOTNESS and PUPPY.

Here is a tale of a strange animal friendship told by a writer in a recent issue of The Westminster Gazette. The story is unique. According to the writer, a lioness that was kept in captivity in Somaliland adopted a bull terrier. There were several bull terrier puppies near the place where she was confined, and once in awhile the little fellows would come close to the cage. Then she would snarl, and the puppies would scamper back, but there was one that seemed to have the good will of the lioness, for one day when he approached the cage, instead of growling, she showed signs of friendliness.

The puppy was encouraged, and after blinking at the lioness he walked boldly to the entrance of the keeper, who was expecting to see the puppy quickly killed, the lioness stretched out her huge paw and gently drew the dog in. The little fellow was delighted with his reception, and he snuggled into her warm fur and has remained with her ever since. The curious thing is that the lioness will have nothing to do with the other puppies. If they come to the cage, she howls their little brother is getting along, she growls at them in tones so loud and menacing that they are frightened off. Meanwhile the adopted puppy is treated by the lioness just as if he were a cub of her own.

### A Weathercock Made by Paul Revere.

In taking down the steeple of the old Methodist church in Watertown, which the Young Men's Catholic association is remodeling for its use, the historic old weathercock on top of the steeple had to be removed. He is 2½ feet high, with a powder body and copper tail, and is said to have been made by Paul Revere when about 20 years old. It is said that the weathercock was originally placed, in 1755, on the old church building that was demolished in 1837. There is some dispute about his ownership, the Unitarians claiming that he was simply loaned to the Methodists when the latter built their church in 1847, while the Methodists claim that they bought him from the town. He will probably be presented to the Watertown Historical society.—Boston Transcript.

### To Rid the House of Black Ants.

You may exterminate black ants by first keeping out of their reach all sweets. Stand your cake and sugar boxes in a pan of water, then around the shelves put either lavender, ground cloves, or, better, camphor.—Ladies' Home Journal.

### The Paper of the Oxford Bibles.

The paper making for Oxford Bibles is a specially important and interesting part of the work. At Wolvercote, a mile or two out of Oxford, the millers have a large mill for the supply of its own requirements. A good deal of the paper they turn out here is made out of old ships' sails, the materials of which, after battling with storms in all quarters of the world, come here for the purpose of being made into paper, pulped in almost every language under heaven and bound up into volumes to be again scattered far and wide into all the uttermost ends of the earth.

This Wolvercote paper mill has much to do with the great reputation that Oxford has acquired in the production of Bibles and other devotional books. Twenty years ago and more the management here hit on a valuable invention in paper making, and ever since that "India paper" has been the "envy" and the pride of manufacturers all over the kingdom. That one said to be only three years old, saying who know the secret of it, and, though the process has been legally protected and the world is free to imitate the extremely thin, but thoroughly opaque and wonderfully strong and durable paper of the Oxford Bibles, if they only knew it, all the world's paper mills quite failed to do so.

It is as thin as tissue, but perfectly opaque and so strong that a strip of it three inches wide would be capable of sustaining a weight of a hundredweight. Over 100,000 copies and editions are now printed on this paper. This special advantage has very largely helped Oxford to attain the leading position which it originally gained by being nearly the first, it was quite the first, printer of books in the kingdom and by the prestige of its name.—Chambers' Journal.

### The Ladies of Constantinople.

It was amusing to see the progress with the thickest of lips veiled. All the pretty faces were more or less painted and the eyelids and eyebrows penciled. The quality of the paint showed the quality of the lady. Poor women dab themselves with horrid cosmetics. No Turkish gentleman goes out to walk with his wife. To do so would be counted in the highest degree absurd. At most she is followed by a slave. But, wrapped up in the ugly black silk feridje, she can go where she pleases and alone. No man would dream of looking at a veiled lady in a feridje. Were a Ghour to scan her face, he would run a risk of being massacred. Shopping is a feminine pastime. Another is bathing, which, of course, ladies only attend. Much of the sweetmeats renders Constantinople belatedly gay while still young and rather spoils their teeth. All over the east teeth are even, white and of medium size and mouth well shaped. They are months made for laughter, gaudy and sensual love. Eastern women are far better looking in youth than western. Those of Istanbul are the least graceful. They are seldom neat about the ankles. Their stockings are not well drawn up, their shoes are a world too big, and their gait is heavy and shuffling.—London Truth.

### Bank of Nevada.

—Virginia Street, Reno, Nevada.—

GEO. F. TURRITTIN, President. MORITZ SCHEELINE, Vice President. R. S. OSBURN, Cashier.

DIRECTORS—Daniel Meyer of San Francisco; R. R. Bigelow of Carson; A. G. Fletcher, J. N. Evans, G. F. Turrittin, Moritz Scheeline and P. E. Wigan of Reno.

Subscribed Capital - \$300,000.  
Paid Up Capital - 150,000  
Surplus - 87,000

Interest Paid On Time Deposits.

Buy and sell exchange on all the principal cities of the United States, Canada, Europe, Asia and Africa.

Messrs. Scheeline & Osburn are Resident Agents for twenty-eight Fire Insurance Companies, the total assets of which are \$217,640,081.

Safe Deposit Boxes for rent, prices according to size varying from \$6 to \$14 per annum.

### M. NATHAN,

The Pioneer and Old Reliable.

SUITS:

Men's Suits - \$6 to \$10

Boys' Suits - \$2 to \$4

Children's Suits - \$1 to \$5

### UNDERWEAR

From \$1 upwards.

### FURNISHING GOODS,

HATS,

CAPS,

NECKWEAR.

Mail orders promptly filled.

### ONE PRICE TO ALL

M. NATHAN,

Virginia St., Reno, Nev.

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

### Nevada State Journal

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Daily by mail, six months, 3 00

Daily by carrier, per week, 10

Weekly by mail, one year, 2 00

Weekly by mail, six months, 1 00

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

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The Treasury has issued a statement, which purports to give the amount of money issued and in the country on June 1, 1897. The total includes gold coin, silver dollars, subsidiary silver, gold certificates, silver certificates, treasury notes of 1890, United States notes (greenbacks), currency certificates, and national bank notes, aggregating \$2,376,519,014.

The circulation per capita is given at \$22.80, as against \$21.35 in June 1896. The fact is not considered that fifteen or twenty persons in New York, Boston and Philadelphia control about one-half the total amount of money in the country and over one-half of the remainder is locked up in the vaults of the Treasury.

The statement is misleading, too, in other respects, the object apparently being to make the stock of money in the country appear as large as possible. The silver dollars, of which the statement says there are \$450,518,641 in the Treasury, are represented in the circulation by \$374,345,504 silver certificates, and \$83,843,169 of the gold in the Treasury is represented in the circulation by that amount of gold notes. Both the gold and the silver certificates, as well as the coin in the Treasury which they represent, are included in the statement to make it appear that the volume of money in the country is \$2,376,519,014, and the per capita \$22.80.

It is the policy of the gold men in this administration as well as when Cleveland was President, to make the amount of money in circulation appear as large as possible, and to do so they make all the silver dollars and a part of the gold in the Treasury do double duty by summing them up, as well as the gold and silver certificates, in the total amount of money in the country.

By this jugglery they hope to delude the people into the belief that there is abundance of money and that it is unnecessary to add to the stock by coining silver. Everybody knows that the \$374,345,504 silver certificates in circulation simply represent that number of standard dollars, which are kept locked up in the Treasury for their redemption and that those dollars are never put in circulation, yet they are counted in the statement as if they were to swell the total amount and make it appear that the money in the United States amounts to \$22.80 for every man, woman and child in the country.

One of the first acts of Oscar Wilde after being released from prison was to write a letter condemning the cruelty practiced towards children of tender years in English jails. He asserts that children are locked in a dimly lighted cell for twenty-three out of the twenty-four hours, fed on bread and water and no relatives or friends permitted to speak to them. The terror of the child drives it nearly insane and the pangs of hunger are torture. He cites the case of a Varden who was discharged for giving a little starving boy a few crackers. And yet this in the modern and Christianized England which will spend thousands of dollars on the Queen's jubilee.

It is now asserted that President McKinley will indicate to Spain in forcible and unmistakable language the displeasure of the United States government, and its view of atrocities practiced by Spain upon the helpless people of Cuba unless Spain changes its policy so far as non-combatants are concerned. If Weyler is withdrawn conciliatory tactics are to be pursued, but if he is permitted to remain in Cuba as Captain-General, it is believed the President will feel compelled, in the interest of humanity, to interfere and put a stop to Spain's methods.

SENATORS Cannon, Pettigrew and ex-Senator Dubois expect to sail for Japan on July 2d, where they propose to study Oriental finances. They are silver Republican leaders and the trip has been under consideration for some time. Wm. Jennings Bryan indorses the plan as it is believed that the action of the Japanese Government will be used by the gold standard followers as a favorable argument during the next campaign and the silver leaders are desirous of being fortified with all possible information.

INTERNAL Revenue Collector Wellburn of San Francisco discovered that Isaac Norton, Cashier in the office, was short about \$4,000 in his accounts. When charged with the shortage Norton went to a drug store, purchased a bottle of carbolic acid, rented a room in a hotel, and took the fatal dose. He leaves a wife and two children.

A treaty annexing the Hawaiian Islands to the United States has been signed by Secretary Sherman for the United States and by Messrs. Hatch, Kinney and Thurston for Hawaii. The treaty has to be ratified by the Senate before it becomes operative, and it is not likely that it will be done at this session of Congress.

THE University of Princeton, New Jersey, has conferred the degree of L. D. on ex-President Cleveland. Mr. Cleveland did doctor the laws most beautifully, but it was hardly necessary for Princeton to remind the people of that fact, as there is abundant evidence of it throughout the country.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

President McKinley, in transmitting his message to the Senate concerning the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands, reviewed briefly the negotiations which have led to this important result. He referred to the various conditions in the government of the islands since 1820, and the predominance of American interests. That annexation had been proposed before at various times, but the course of the United States from 1820 to 1893 toward the Hawaiian islands had been in favor of their autonomous welfare with the exclusion of all foreign influences save our own to the extent of upholding eventual annexation as the necessary outcome. He claimed that the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands was not a new scheme but was the inevitable consequence of the relations steadfastly maintained with that domain for three-quarters of a century. Under such circumstances annexation is not a change, it is a consummation. The organization and administrative details of incorporation are left to the wisdom of Congress.

In the Senate there was little delay in the proceedings. The consideration of the tariff bill was the order. Some early paragraphs were taken up and perfected. The split and wine schedule was taken up and completed in about an hour's time. Following this came the cotton schedule and the debate took in a wide range. A test amendment offered by Jones of Arkansas proposing the Wilson rate on cotton thread and yarn was defeated.

The House passed a relief bill and an opportunity was given Sulzer of New York to speak on the Cuban petition, in which he denounced Weyler as a thief and murderer. The House then adjourned until Monday.

The Hoffman inquest was resumed yesterday morning at San Francisco. A number of witnesses were examined, but nothing of a material character was developed. It was shown that a woman deeply veiled was seen walking up and down apparently waiting for someone. It was also shown that two men were seen at the door talking in an excited manner, one telling the other to come into the office and he would explain. Louis Friedman swore that he saw Hoffman at the door of the office at 6:15 on the fatal day and spoke to him.

Bishop Willis of Honolulu has just arrived at Plymouth, Eng., and in an interview he is quoted as saying that the feeling in the islands is against the United States and in favor of British annexation. He claims that Great Britain has held aloof and that the Americans did not want Hawaii, but that the movement is made to please certain politicians. He says that Japan will assert her claims to the country.

An attempt was made to hold up a Baltimore and Ohio train near Salem, Ill., Wednesday night. One of the robbers weakened and informed the sheriff, who with a posse went to the place of the hold-up and found the truck piled high with timbers. The Sheriff and posse fired on the gang wounding one of them, the others scattered.

In a fight between Italian and French workmen at Barcarin in France Wednesday two Frenchmen were killed. The district is intensely excited and the police have been called. Another disturbance occurred between the Italian and French near Aries. Troops have been sent to the scene of disturbance.

Eugene V. Debs started his colonization scheme out yesterday at Chicago. The name proposed is "The Social Democracy of America." The project will be taken up after the constitution is settled upon. The meeting was largely attended there being many women present.

Queen Victoria arrived at Windsor, Eng., yesterday from Balmoral. Thousands of people lined the route from the depot to the castle. Her majesty looked the picture of good health and acknowledged the cheering of the crowd by repeatedly bowing.

Martin Easley, charged with assaulting and robbing Charles D. Collins of \$8,000 near St. Louis, was held to appear before a Grand Jury at St. Louis yesterday. Collins is much worse and the extreme heat is telling on him. His physician fears blood poisoning.

Parker, the murderer of Lee Norris at Prescott, Arizona, was found guilty yesterday, the jury only being out fifteen minutes and fixing the penalty at death. Sentence will be pronounced on June 23d.

A man was run over and decapitated by the railroad at Twelfth and Channel streets, San Francisco yesterday. The only clue to his identity was a letter of recommendation on his person addressed Chas. Smith.

Hon. J. J. DeHaven was duly installed yesterday as United States District Judge for the Ninth Judicial Circuit of California. Judge T. P. Hawley of Nevada administered the oath of office.

W. B. BRADBURY, the San Francisco millionaire, violated the anti-expertorating ordinance by spitting in the cars. He claimed the constitutional right to spit when and where he liked. The court did not think he had that right and sentenced him to twenty-four hours imprisonment in the county jail. He appealed from this judgment, but his application for a writ of habeas corpus, was denied on the ground that it had no merit and he goes to jail.

The beat at Chicago is reported as intense. One death and one prostration which will result fatally occurred yesterday.

SPECIAL SALE of Men's Clothing and Gent's Furnishing Goods. SPRING STOCK which is now being received,

In order to make room for my I offer for sale all of my present stock of goods at a reduction of 20 per cent. My stock consists of Men's and Boys' Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps. Ladies' Misses and Children's Boots, Shoes and Rubbers.

\*\*\*\*\*  
Stetson  
Hats  
Spring Styles  
The proper hats for America's uncrowned kings. Give just the proper finish to the attire and wear like true friendship. Stiff and soft hats deserve equal praise.

A FULL LINE OF  
JOHN B. STETSON & CO.'S  
FINE HATS.  
We make a specialty of making clothing to order.



JOHN SUNDERLAND.

THE INCONSISTENT SEX.

"Dear baby spoke today," she cried. "He said 'Mamma' as plain as plain could be. And it was sweet his dimpled smile to see And sweet his gurgling baby laugh to hear. Come quick! Perhaps he will again. The dear!"  
And, oh, I am so happy!  
"Baby is growing big so fast. And, oh," the sudden tears gushed to her eyes. "I'll speak and walk and grow so big and wise. And love another best and woo and wed And have no longer need of me," she sobbed.  
"And I am so unhappy!"  
-J. L. Houston in "The Quilting Bee."

A LESSON IN ECONOMICS.

A Young Woman Gives a Young Man Some Valuable Tips.  
Again it is a Washington girl. "This time she appears as an angel of economy to a young man who needs that kind of angelic administration about as much as any other young man in the Capital City, and she is just as successful as if she were tramping him under her scolding heel and making him feel how utterly helpless man is in conflict with the irresistible."  
"By Jove," he was saying, "this sort of thing is simply intolerable!"  
"What sort of thing?" she inquired, with admirable poise.

"Why, I have just had to pay a messenger 40 cents to deliver a note up town for me, and he was gone less than half an hour. It would be cheaper to have hired a cab and horse and driver, and still cheaper to have sent it by mail under a special delivery stamp."  
"What was the note?" she asked, womanlike, before she thought.  
"A response to an invitation to dinner."  
"Forty cents is cheap for a good dinner," she smiled.  
"But I couldn't go," he wailed. "It was a deplorable, and the 40 cents on top of that. Really, though, this messenger service is a rank imposition and should not be tolerated. Twenty-five cents an hour is ample, with short distances at 10 or 15 cents. The convenience is easily worth that, but more than that is plain extortion and the greed of monopolies."  
"You have my sympathy. You are the more entitled to it because you don't seem to know any better. Now, why aren't you as bright as a man I know, who hasn't any more money than you have? When he has a note or a book to send to a girl, he doesn't waste 40 cents on a grinding monopoly—oh, that's what it is," she laughed, as she read his look of surprise. "We have a call in our house, and I am compelled to use it sometimes—but he does a much better thing. He just adds 10 cents to his 20, slips around to the post-office, orders 30 cents' worth of violets sent to the girl, puts the note in with the flowers, and there you are. See? Only 10 cents out, and think how much in—for girls do love flowers, even 50 cents' worth."  
The young man began gasping for air.

"Or," she went right on, "if it is the season when flowers are more expensive than messenger service, just substitute candy for flowers. You can get something perfectly lovely for 60 cents, and to add a book or pleasant note to it makes it well worth the girl's kindest thought and your 20 cents extra. Now, is the plan clear to your stupid brain?"  
Whether it was or not the young woman that very afternoon received a delightful note of thanks for valuable information, accompanied by a 50 cent bunch of violets from a well-known florist.

It is the sentiment, not the fact, in "The Atlantic," and the fact which makes the sentiment so true is the information. It is not a more complete than to suppose that in this poem is to be found any argument in favor of the use of a literary material for poetry. In "McClure's Hymn" it is the character of the staid old engineer and his feelings by which the reader is moved. The wonders of the great engine are a hindrance, and not a help, if they are looked at in any way other than through the eyes of McAndrew. The piece succeeds or fails to the degree in which it makes his emotion real and contagious to the reader, and that, too, as emotion pure and simple, quite without regard to what has excited it. In so far as the attention is caught by railroad, crank throws, feeding pump and "purrin' dynamos"—finely suggestive as is the epithet in this last—the emotional effect is weakened at the expense of the intellectual.

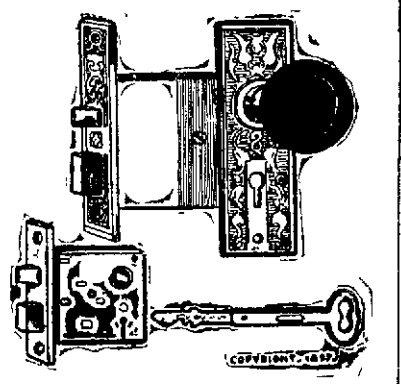
NEW TO-DAY.

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATRIX'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT IN pursuance of an order of the District Court of the Second Judicial District, State of Nevada, in and for the County of Washoe, made on the 15th day of June, 1897, in the matter of the estate of John P. Foulke, deceased, the undersigned Administratrix, will sell at private sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, in gold coin of the United States, and subject to confirmation by said Court, on or after  
Monday the 12th day of July, 1897,

all the right, title, interest and estate of said John P. Foulke, deceased, at the time of his death, and all the right, title interest and estate that the said estate has, by operation of law or otherwise, acquired since his death, in and to all those lots, pieces or parcels of land, situated, lying and being in the County of Washoe and State of Nevada, described as follows, to-wit:—  
First—The interest of the estate in and to that certain Contract to purchase, entered into between the Central Pacific R. R. Company and J. P. Foulke, on the 25th day of August, 1889, and Numbered 8891 New Series, wherein said J. P. Foulke agreed to purchase the North one-half, the North one-half of the Southeast one-quarter, and the Northeast one-quarter of the Southwest one-quarter of Section Fifteen in Township Nineteen North, Range Eighteen East, M. D. B. and M., containing 40 acres, at the agreed price of \$1,250, on which there has been paid the sum of \$550.  
Second—Lots No. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, in Block No. 2, on the Official Map of the town of Verdi, Washoe County, State of Nevada.  
Third—The interest of the estate in and to that certain Contract to purchase, entered into between said J. P. Foulke and the State of Nevada about the month of May, 1892, and Numbered 5941, wherein said J. P. Foulke agreed to purchase the East one-half of the Southeast one-quarter of Section Thirty-three, and the Northeast one-quarter of the Northeast one-quarter of Section Thirty-one, in Township Nineteen North of Range Eighteen East, M. D. B. and M., containing about 120 acres, at the agreed price of \$150, on which there has been paid \$30 and interest.  
Fourth—An undivided one-half interest in the Northwest one-quarter of the Southeast one-quarter and the Southeast one-quarter of the Northeast one-quarter of Section Thirty-one, Township Nineteen North, Range Eighteen East, M. D. B. and M., containing about eighty acres.  
Bids or offers, in writing, will be received and may be left at the office of T. V. Julien, Esq., Attorney at Law, Reno, Nevada. Terms and conditions of sale, Cash, in Gold Coin of the United States; 10 per cent of the purchase money to be paid to the undersigned by the intending purchaser on receiving a notice of the acceptance of bid; balance on confirmation of sale by said District Court.

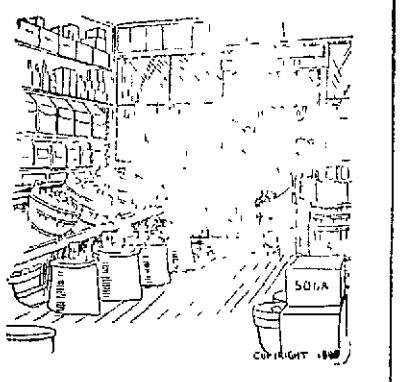
MARGARET FOULKE,  
Administratrix of the Estate of John P. Foulke, deceased.  
W. K. P. DEAN,  
Attorney for Administratrix.



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